White

Elementary Normal Certificate Degree	\$ 850.00 937.00	\$ 1,425.00 1,425.00
High School Women Men	970.00	1,900.00 2,185.00

The practical application of this salary schedule has been, is, and will be to pay Negro teachers and principals of equal qualifications, certification and experience with white teachers and principals less compensation from public funds solely on account of their race or color."

"19. The salaries of all teachers and principals in the public schools of the City of Norfolk, including the salaries of petitioners, are paid out of the public school fund. This fund derives from two sources: The Commonwealth of Virginia and the City of Norfolk (Virginia School Code, Chapter 33, Section 646); all of said public school fund is raised by means of taxation upon the inhabitants of Virginia and their property (Constitution of Virginia, Article IX, Sections 135, 136; Virginia School Code, Chapter 33, Sections, 657, 698, 699; Chapter 35, Section 782). Pursuant to these statutes all that portion of the public school fund which derives directly from the state is used exclusively for the payment of teachers' salaries (Virginia School Code, Chapter 33, Section 701.)"

That an unconstitutional discrimination is set forth in these paragraphs hardly admits of argument. The allegation is that the state, in paying for public services of the same kind and character to men and women equally qualified according to standards which the state itself prescribes, arbitrarily pays less to Negroes than to white persons. This is as clear a discrimination on the ground of race as could well be imagined and falls squarely within the inhibition of both the due process and the equal protection clauses of the 14th Amendment. As was said by Mr. Justice Harlan in Gibson v. Mississippi 162 U. S. 565,591:

"Underlying all of these decisions is the principle that the Constitution of the United States, in its present form, forbids, so far as civil and political rights are concerned, discrimination by the General Government, or by the States, against any citizen because of his race. All citizens are equal before the law. The guarantees of life, liberty and property are for all persons, within the jurisdiction of the United States, or of any State, without discrimination against any because of their race. These guarantees, when their violation is properly presented in the regular course of proceedings, must be enforced in the courts, both of the Nation and of the State, without reference to considerations based upon race."